

Secretary-General of the United Nations to:

(a) The State where the offence was committed;

(b) The State against which compulsion has been directed or attempted;

(c) The State of which the natural or juridical person against whom compulsion has been directed or attempted is a national ;

(d) The State of which the hostage is a national or in the territory of which he has his habitual residence;

(e) The State of which the alleged offender is a national or, if he is a stateless person, in the territory of which he has his habitual residence;

(f) The international intergovernmental organization against which compulsion has been directed or attempted;

(g) All other States concerned.

3. Any person regarding whom the measures referred to in paragraph 1 of this article are being taken shall be entitled:

(a) To communicate without delay with the nearest appropriate representative of the State of which he is a national or which is otherwise entitled to establish such communication or, if he is a stateless person, the State in the territory of which he has his habitual residence;

(b) To be visited by a representative of that State.

4. The rights referred to in paragraph 3 of this article shall be exercised in conformity with the laws and regulations of the State in the territory of which the alleged offender is present, subject to the proviso, however, that the said laws and regulations must enable full effect to be given to the purposes for which the rights accorded under paragraph 3 of this article are intended.

5. The provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4 of this article shall be without prejudice to the right of any State Party having a claim to jurisdiction in accordance with paragraph 1 (b) of article 5 to invite the International Committee of the Red Cross to communicate with and visit the alleged offender.

6. The State which makes the preliminary inquiry contemplated in paragraph 1 of this article shall promptly report its findings to

De forenede Nationers generalsekretær til:

a) den stat, i hvilken forbrydelsen er blevet begået;

b) den stat, over for hvilken tvang har været anvendt eller forsøgt anvendt;

c) den stat, hvori den fysiske eller juridiske person, over for hvem tvang har været anvendt eller forsøgt anvendt, er statsborger;

d) den stat, hvori gidslet er statsborger, eller på hvis område han har fast bopæl;

e) den stat, hvori den formodede gerningsmand er statsborger, eller, hvis han er statsløs, på hvis område han har fast bopæl;

f) den internationale intergouvernementale organisation, over for hvilken tvang har været anvendt eller forsøgt anvendt;

g) alle andre berørte stater.

3. Enhver person, over for hvem de i stk. 1 nævnte foranstaltninger træffes, har ret til:

a) uden ophold at komme i forbindelse med den nærmeste repræsentant for den stat, hvori han er statsborger, eller som af andre grunde er beføjet til at oprette sådan forbindelse, eller, hvis han er statsløs, den stat, på hvis område han har fast bopæl;

b) at modtage besøg af en repræsentant for den pågældende stat.

4. De i stk. 3 nævnte rettigheder skal udøves i overensstemmelse med gældende love og bestemmelser i den stat, på hvis område den formodede gerningsmand befinder sig, dog under forudsætning af, at de pågældende love og bestemmelser i fuldt omfang gør det muligt at tilgodese formålet med de rettigheder, der tilstås i medfør af stk. 3.

5. Bestemmelserne i stk. 3 og 4 er uden præjudice for den ret, som enhver kontraherende stat, der har krav på at udøve jurisdiktion i overensstemmelse med art. 5, stk. 1 (b), har til at anmode Den Internationale Røde Kors-Komité om at sætte sig i forbindelse med og besøge den formodede gerningsmand.

6. Den stat, der iværksætter den foreløbige undersøgelse, som forudses i stk. 1, skal omgående give meddelelse om udfaldet deraf til