

With regard to the carrying on of their activities as well as with regard to the right to acquire, to possess and to lease movable and immovable property such companies, once admitted, shall enjoy the same treatment as is granted or may be granted to similar companies of the most favoured nation.

Neither in respect of their activities nor of their property shall they be subject to other or higher imposts, taxes, or dues of whatever nature than those which are applied or may be applied to the companies of the most favoured nation; and only such business of the said companies as is transacted on the territory of the other Contracting Party and such of their property as is actually found there shall be subject to any imposts, taxes, or dues.

Article 8.

As regards traffic in transit, the High Contracting Parties shall apply in their reciprocal relations the provisions of the Convention and Statute on Freedom of Transit, signed at Barcelona on April 20, 1921.

Article 9.

Each of the High Contracting Parties agrees to grant to the other national treatment in all that relates to the transport on or through its territory of persons, baggage and goods.

Article 10.

Goods of every nature, originating within the territory of one of the High Contracting Parties and imported into the territory of the other, shall not there be subjected to excise, octroi, consumption and any other internal duties higher than those which are or may be levied on similar goods of the most favoured nation.

Article 11.

It is agreed that the Customs tariffs applicable to articles, the produce or manufacture of either of the High Contracting Parties imported into the territory of the

Naar saadanne Selskaber har opnaaet Adgang, skal de med Hensyn til at drive deres Virksomhed saavel som med Hensyn til Retten til at erhverve, besidde og forpagte rørlig og fast Ejendom nyde en ligesaa gunstig Behandling som den, der er eller maatte blive tilstaaet lignende Selskaber tilhørende den mest begunstigede Nation.

Hverken af deres Virksomhed eller af deres Ejendom skal der kunne afkraeves dem andre eller højere Skatter, Afgifter eller Byrder af en hvilken som helst Art end dem, der opkraeves eller maatte blive opkraevet af den mest begunstigede Nations Selskaber; kun de Forretninger, der af de paagældende Selskaber udføres i det andet Land og den Del af Selskabsformuen, som faktisk befinder sig dør, skal kunne paalægges Skatter, Afgifter eller Byrder.

Artikel 8.

Med Hensyn til Transit vil de høje kontraherende Parter i deres indbyrdes Forbindelser anvende Bestemmelserne i Konventionen og Statuten angaaende Transitfriheden, undertegnet i Barcelona den 20. April 1921.

Artikel 9.

Hver af de høje kontraherende Parter lover at tilstaa den anden Nationalbehandling i alt hvad angaaer Transport paa eller gennem dens Territorium af Personer, Bagage og Varer.

Artikel 10.

Varer af enhver Art, som stammer fra en af de høje kontraherende Parters Territorium og indføres til den andens Territorium, skal ikke dør være underkastet højere Accise-, Oktroj-, Forbrugs- og andre indenlandske Afgifter end de, som er eller maatte blive paalagt lignende Varer fra den mest begunstigede Nation.

Artikel 11.

Der er Enighed om, at Toldtarifferne, som anvendes paa en af de høje kontraherende Parters Varer, Produkter eller Fabrikater, ved Indførsel til den andens